

Present Perfect: Structure

AFFIRMATIVE FORM			NEGATIVE FORM			QUESTION FORM		
Subject + have/has + Past Participle			Subject + have/has not + past participle			Have/has+ Subject + past participle		
I YOU WE + YOU THEY	have +	past participle e.g you have decided	I YOU WE + YOU THEY	haven't +	past participle e.g you haven't decided	have +	I YOU WE + YOU THEY	past participle e.g have you decided
HE SHE + IT	has +	past participle e.g she has decided	HE SHE + IT	hasn't +	past participle e.g she hasn't decided	has +	HE SHE + IT	past participle e.g has she decided?

Present Perfect: Use

Use 1: CONTINUING SITUATIONS	Use 2: LIFE EXPERIENCES
<p>We use present perfect to talk about actions that started in the past and continue in the present:</p> <p>E.g. I have played football for many years. (I still play) She has been a teacher for ten years. (she is still a teacher)</p>	<p>We use present perfect to talk about general experiences in one's life (no specific time indicated):</p> <p>E.g. They have visited Florence many times. He has never eaten sushi.</p>
Use 5: VERY RECENT ACTIONS ("JUST")	Use 4: UNFINISHED TIMEFRAMES
<p>We use present perfect to talk about actions that have just happened:</p> <p>E.g. I have just seen Peter. Joe Biden has just given a speech.</p>	<p>We use present perfect to talk about a timeframe that has not finished:</p> <p>E.g. This week has been very difficult. I have written many emails this Morning (it's still morning).</p>